

University of Rajasthan Jaipur

SYLLABUS

(Three/Four Year Under Graduate Programme)

B.A. - History

III& IV Semester Examination-2024-25

As per NEP - 2020



Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-63T-251] - [HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1200-1761 CE.)] III-Semester - [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper				NHEQF Level	Credits	
III	HIS-63T- 251	HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1200- 1761 CE.)			6	6		
Level of	Level of Type of the Course Course		Credit Distribution Offered			Course Delivery		
			Practical	Total	to NC Student	Method		
3	MJR	6		6	Yes/No	Lectures		
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline								
Prerequisites								
Objectives of the Course:		The course on the History of Medieval India aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the socio-political, economic, and cultural developments that shaped the Indian subcontinent between the 13thth and 18th centuries. By delving into the rich tapestry of medieval Indian history, students will explore the rise and fall of empires, the interplay of religious and cultural influences, and the impact of trade and commerce on societal structures.						



UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-63T-251— HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1200-1761 CE.) – III Semester

HIS-63T-251 HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1200-1761 CE.)

Detailed Syllabus

HIS-63T-251— HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1200-1761 CE.) – III Semester Unit-I

A survey of the sources of the period of the Delhi Sultanate. Turkish invasions and Rajput resistance. Establishment and consolidation of Delhi Sultanate. Khilji imperialism and Tughlaq innovations

(20 Lectures)

Unit-II

Growth of Provincial kingdoms; Contribution of Bahmani and Vijayanagar kingdoms. A survey of the sources of the Mughal period. Foundations of the Mughal Empire. Rise of Sher Shah Suri and his administration Expansion and consolidation of the Mughal empire under Akbar.

(25 Lectures)

Unit-III

Role of Nur Jahan junta in Mughal politics. Deccan policy of the Mughals. Rise of Shivaji and expansion of the Marathas upto 1761. Fall of the Mughal Empire. A critical evaluation of the main features and processes of the polity, society, economy and culture during medieval times. (c.1200-1761 A.D)

(25 Lectures)

Unit-IV

Nature of State; Growth of administrative and agrarian systems. Economy: agriculture, industry, trade, banking, urban centres; Social Stratification & Society-ulema, nobility, peasantry, slavery, the status of women. Bhakti Movement, Sufism. Development in art, architecture and literature; Efforts at cultural synthesis and growth of the composite culture.

(20 Lectures)

Recommended Readings:

K. S. Lal : History of the Khalijis, Allahabad, 1960

: Theory and Practice of Muslim State in India, Delhi, 1999

Hermann Kulke (ed) : The State in India, 1000-1700 A.D. Delhi, 1997

A Mahdi Husain : The Tughlag Dynasty

: The Rise and Fall of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq

Satish Chandra : Medieval India - From sultanate to the Mughals Part - I

: Delhi Sultanate (1205-1526), Part II, Mughal Empire (1526-

1748) Delhi, 1997 (also in Hindi)

K.M. Ashraf : Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan(1200-1550

A.D), Delhi, 1970

R.P. Tripathi : Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire (also in Hindi)

Allahabad, 1963

: Some Aspects of Muslim Administration, Allahabad, 1964

Tapan Raychauduri & : Cambridge Economic History of India Vol – I, C 1200-1750

Irfan Habib (ed) A.D. Delhi, 1984

John F Richards : The Mugual Empire, Delhi, 1984

Jadunath Sarkar : Mughal Administration, Delhi, 1972

Irfan Habib : Agrarian system of Mughal India, 1526-1707, Mumbai, 1963

S.R. Sharma : Religious Policy of Mughal Empire (also in Hindi), Agra 1972

Burton Stein : Vijayanagar, 1989

: Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, Delhi,

1980

H.K. Sherwani : The Bahamani Kingdom

G.S. Sardesai : New History of the Marathas, Vol-I

A.L. Srivastava: Medieval Indian Culture (also in Hindi), Agra, 1964

राधेशरण : मध्यकालीन भारत का सामाजिक एवं आर्थिक इतिहास, मध्यप्रदेश हिन्दी ग्रंथ

अकादमी, भोपाल 2000



राधेशरण : मध्यकालीन भारत की सांस्कृतिक संरचना, मध्यप्रदेश हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकाद्मी,

भोपाल, 1998

झारखण्ड चौबे कन्हैयालाल : *मध्ययुगीन भारतीय समाज एवं संस्कृति, उत्तरप्रदेश हिन्दी संस्थान लखनऊ चतुर्थ*

श्रीवास्तव संस्करण 2005

सतीश चन्द्र : मध्यकालीन भारत : सल्तनत से मुगलों तक भाग एक दिल्ली सल्तन

(1206-1526) भाग दो मुगल सल्तनत (1526-1748)

हरिश्चन्द्र वर्मा (सं.) : *मध्यकालीन भारत भाग-1 (750-1540) भाग-2 (1540-1761)*, हिन्दी माध्यम

कार्यान्वयन निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय, दिल्ली

ए.एल. श्रीवास्तव : मध्यकालीन भारतीय संस्कृति (अनुवाद)

धनश्याम दत्त शमा : मध्यकालीन भारतीय सामाजिक, आर्थिक एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाए, राजस्थान

हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर

Course Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students are expected to have a nuanced understanding of the key historical developments, major figures, and significant cultural shifts during the medieval period in India. Additionally, they will be equipped with the ability to critically assess historical narratives, engage in scholarly discussions, and apply historical knowledge to contemporary issues.



Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-63T-252] - [OUTLINE OF HISTORY OF THE DECCAN & SOUTH INDIA] III-Semester - [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper				NHEQF Level	Credits	
III	HIS-63T- 252	OUTLINE OF HISTORY OF THE DECCAN & SOUTH INDIA			6	6		
Level of	Level of Type of the		Credit Distribution Offered			Course Delivery		
Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Total	to NC Student	Method		
3	MJR	6		6	Yes/No	Lectures		
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline								
Prerequisites								
Objectives of the Course:		Through an exploration of key historical events, rulers, and societal transformations, students will gain insight into the distinctive features that set the Deccan and South India apart from other regions.						



UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-63T-252— OUTLINE OF HISTORY OF THE DECCAN & SOUTH INDIA – III Semester

Detailed Syllabus

HIS-63T-252— OUTLINE OF HISTORY OF THE DECCAN & SOUTH INDIA – III Semester

Unit I

Geographical and Prehistoric background of South India and Deccan; The Sangam Age-Political, Social, Economic and Cultural conditions

(25 Lectures)

Unit II

The Satvahanas-political history and cultural achievements.

(20 Lectures)

Unit III

The Pallavas of Kanchi and the Chalukays of Vatapi; Political and Cultural Achievements
(20 Lectures)

Unit IV

The Rashtrakutas of Manyakheta and the Cholas; Political and Cultural Achievements; The Local self-government under the Cholas.

(25 Lectures)

Recommended Readings:

Aiyangar, S.K : Beginnings of South Indian History
Altekar, A.S : The Rashtrakutas and their times

Gopalan, R : The Pallavas

Mahalingam, T.V : Early History of Kanchipuram

Pandey, C.B : Andhra Satavahana Samrajya Ka Itihas Shastri, K.A.N : A History of South India (also in Hindi)

Srivastava, B : Dakshin Bharat Ka Itihas.

Yazdani, G : Early History of Deccan, Vol. 1-II. (Also, in Hindi

Course Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students should be able to articulate a coherent narrative of the historical developments in the Deccan and South India, critically analyse primary and secondary sources, and appreciate the historical forces that have shaped the cultural identity of the region.



Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-64T-253] - [HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (1761-1971 CE)] IV-Semester- [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper				NHEQF Level	Credits	
IV	HIS-64T- 253	HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (1761- 1971 CE)			6	6		
Level of	Type of the	Credit Distribution		Offered	Course Delivery			
Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Total	to NC Student	Method		
4	MJR	6		6	Yes/No	Lectures		
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline								
Prerequisites		XII Pass						
Objectives of the Course:		The course on the "History of Modern India (1761-1971)" is structured with clear and comprehensive objectives aimed at providing students with a profound understanding of the transformative historical developments that occurred during this critical period. The primary objective is to enable students to comprehend the socio-political, economic, and cultural changes that shaped modern India from the mid-18th century to its post-independence phase.						



UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-64T-253— HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (1761-1971 CE)— IV Semester

Detailed Syllabus

HIS-64T-253 -HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (1761-1971 CE)

Unit-I

India in the mid-eighteenth century; Maratha confederacy -its strengths and weaknesses – clash with the British and decline of the Marathas; Expansion and consolidation of the British rule – Bengal, Mysore, Awadh, Sind and Punjab; Subsidiary Alliance and Doctrine of Lapse; Establishment of Parliamentary control over East India Company-Regulating Act and Pitts India Act; Land Revenue Settlements- Permanent, Ryotwari and Mahalwari; Popular Resistance to British rule

(20 Lectures)

Unit-II

Outbreak of 1857- causes nature and results. British policy after 1858 – development of British Paramountcy; Nature of colonial economy – commercialization of agriculture, decline of cottage industries, drain of wealth and India's poverty; Indian Renaissance, its nature and scope – socio-religious reform movements – Brahma Samaj, Arya Samaj and Ramakrishna Mission

(20 Lectures)

Unit-III

The first phase of Indian Freedom Struggle - Emergence of Indian Nationalism, formation of the Indian National Congress – Moderates and Economic nationalism- Dadabhai Naoroji and Gokhale; Extremists –Swadeshi movement-Tilak; Home Rule Movement; Beginning of Muslim communalism and the Muslim League. Nationalism under Gandhi's leadership: Gandhi's ideology and methods- Non-cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movements

(25 Lectures)

Unit-IV

Other strands in the National Movement: Revolutionaries; the Left (Socialists and Communists); Subhas Chandra Bose and the Indian National Army; Peasants, Workers and Depressed Classes Movements; Women in the National Movement. The Government of India

Acts of 1909, 1919 and 1935; Sharpening of communal politics and the partition of India. Progress and profile of Independent India (1947-1956) Integration of States. Agrarian reforms, the concept of planned economy and industrialization.

(25 Lectures)

Recommended Readings:

Bisheshwar Prasad: Bondage and Freedom, Vol I and Vol.II

C.A. Bayly : Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, Cambridge

University Press, 1987

Sumit Sarkar : Modern India, 1885-1947, Delhi, 1995 (also in Hindi)

Bipan Chandra : Nationalism and Coloniglism in Modern India, Delhi, 1981

A.R. Desai : Peasant Struggle in India, Delhi, 1979

Kenneth Jones : Social and Religious Reform Movement in Modern India, New

Cambridge History, 1989

Ravindra Kumar (ed) : Social History of Modern India, Delhi, 1983

Anil Seal : Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge University Press,

1971

Rajit Guha & Gayatri : Selected Subaltern, Delhi, 1988

C Spivak (ed)

एम.एस.जैन : आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास

सुमित सरकार : आधुनिक भारत : 1885–1947 (अनुवाद)

जगन्नाथ प्रसाद मिश्र : आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास, उत्तरप्रदेश हिन्दी संस्थान लखनऊ

बिपिन चन्द्र एवं अन्य : भारत का स्वतंत्रता संग्राम, दिल्ली, 1998

· आजादी के बाद का भारत (1947–2000) दिल्ली, 2004

आर.एल. शुक्ल (स.) : आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास, हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्वयम निदेशालय, दिल्ली

विश्वविद्यालय दिल्ली

Course Learning Outcomes

The outcomes of the course include a comprehensive knowledge of significant historical events, the ability to analyze historical complexities, and an understanding of the diverse forces that contributed to India's modern identity.



Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-64T-254] - [WORLD HISTORY (1776-1931 CE)] IV-Semester- [HISTORY]

Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper			NHEQF Level	Credits			
HIS-64T- 254	WORLD HISTORY (1776- 1931 CE)			6	6			
Type of the Course	Ci cuit Distribution			Offered	Course Delivery			
	Theory	Practical	Total	to NC Student	Method			
MJR	6		6	Yes/No	Lectures			
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline								
Prerequisites								
Objectives of the Course:		To develop a chronological understanding of world history from 1776						
		to 1931 CE, emphasizing key events, movements, and transformations						
		during this period. The course shall enable students to explore major						
		themes such as industrialization, imperialism, revolutions,						
		nationalism, and socio-cultural changes to comprehend the						
		complexities and dynamics that shaped the modern world during the						
		specified time frame.						
	Course HIS-64T- 254 Type of the Course MJR ramme Codes in red as Minor	Course HIS-64T- 254 Type of the Course MJR 6 ramme Codes in red as Minor To develor to 1931 Coduring the themes nationalis complexis	Title of the Course HIS-64T- 254 Type of the Course MJR Theory Theory Practical To develop a chronology of the course during this period. Themes such as nationalism, and so complexities and dynatical during this period.	Title of the Course/Paper 1931 CE) Type of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper HIS-64T- 254 Type of the Course Theory Practical Total Student MJR 6 To develop a chronological understanding of variance during this period. The course shall enable student themes such as industrialization, importationalism, and socio-cultural changes complexities and dynamics that shaped the materials and socio-cultural changes complexities and dynamics that shaped the materials are course.	Type of the Course Credit Distribution Course Theory Practical Total Total Total		



UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-64T-254— WORLD HISTORY (1776-1931 CE) – IV Semester

Detailed Syllabus

HIS-64T-254WORLD HISTORY (1776-1931 CE)

Unit I

Causes of the American Revolution, its nature and consequences; Background and causes of the French Revolution; National Assembly and the reign of Terror; Impact of French Revolution on Europe

(25 lectures)

Unit II

Rise of Napoleon Bonaparte, Reforms and causes of his defeat; Industrial Revolution, causes and nature; The establishment of European imperialism in China;

(25 lectures)

Unit III

Nationalism in Italy and Germany; American Civil War- Causes, nature and its impact, Eastern Question; Congress of Berlin; Growth of Industrialization in Europe in the 19th Century.

(20 lectures)

Unit IV

Moroccan Crisis; Balkan Wars of 1912-13; Background and causes of World War I; Russo-Japanese War, its causes and results; Russian revolution; Ideas of Sun Yat-Sen; Nature and causes of the Chinese Revolution of 1911

(20 lectures)



Recommended Readings:

Bennis F Lee : Europe since 1870, Edition, 3; Publisher, Appleton-Century-Crofts,

1950; Original *from*, the University of Michigan

Chauhan, D.S : Europe ka Itihas Clyde, P.H: : The Far East

LaTourette, K.S: : A Short History of the Far East

Punjabi, B;K: : France Ki Kranti
Thompson, David: : Europe since Napoleon

Course Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students shall develop a heightened awareness of global interconnections and the ways in which historical developments in one part of the world have reverberated across continents, contributing to the emergence of a globalized world.

